

AG2000



IRRIGATION MAGMETER INSTRUCTIONS

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FEATURES

Rate and total indicator —————
Powder-coated diecast-aluminum electronics housing —————
Cross-drilled screws (2) for tamper-evidence —————
Tamper-evident security seal —————
Internal data logger (Optional) —————
Power/Output cable port access, —————
Tamper-sealed —————

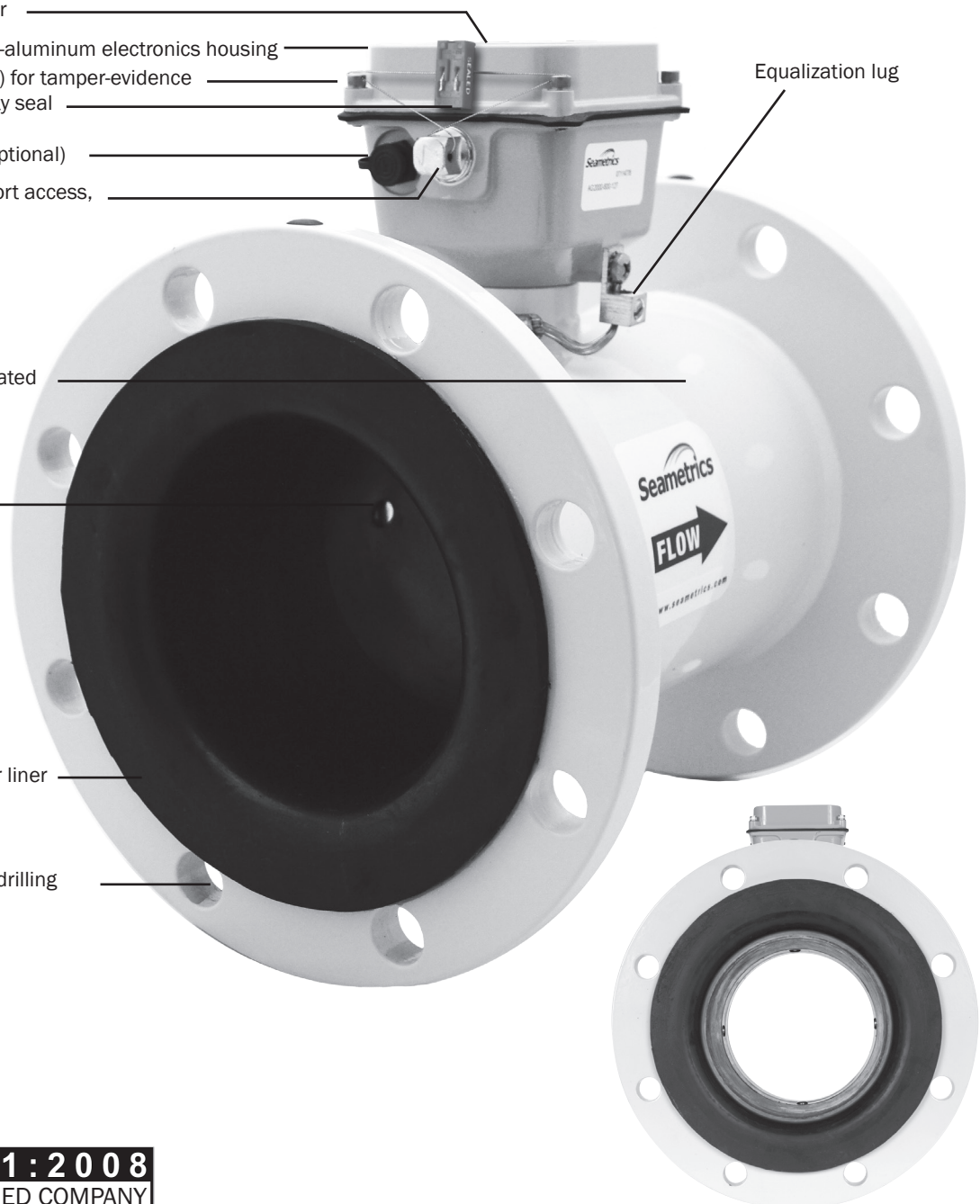
Equalization lug

Welded steel epoxy-coated
flow tube

316SS electrodes

Dual durometer rubber liner

Flanges, ANSI 150 lb. drilling

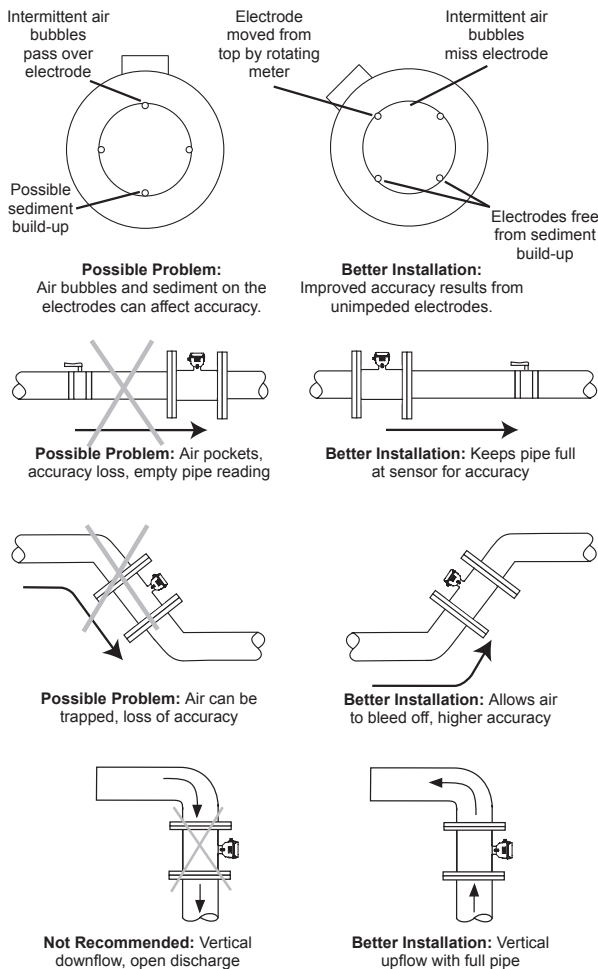


INSTALLATION

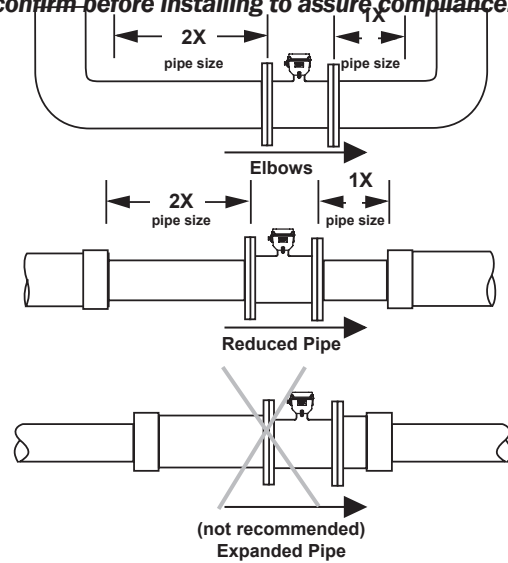
Tamper-Evident Seal. The battery-powered AG2000 has a seal wire to protect against unauthorized access. The seal can be broken to change units of measure, replace the battery pack, or to field-install a power/output cable (see page 4). **CAUTION:** If water usage regulation is in effect, only a person authorized by your regulatory agency should break the seal wire, and replace it when finished.

Positioning the Meter. These meters can be installed horizontally, vertically, and in any radial position. If sludge accumulation is possible, vertical or horizontal placement with the register at a 45° angle is recommended. **Using a check valve on the upstream side of the meter, and/or an air vent (vacuum relief valve) in the same, unobstructed run of pipe as the meter, is required in any installation where the meter may be exposed to suction when the system is not in normal operation. Suction can cause damage to the liner. Liner damage caused by suction, without the use of a check valve and/or air vent, may void the warranty.**

Full Pipe Recommendations. All magmeters require a method for determining that the pipe is empty, to prevent false reading. This meter is designed to go to zero reading if one or more electrodes is exposed. For highest accuracy, install the meter so that the pipe will be full when there is flow. If air bubbles may be present in the pipe, rotate the meter by one flange hole to position the control housing at a 45° angle. See mounting diagrams below.



Straight Pipe Recommendations. See the diagrams below for manufacturers' recommendations. **Local regulations may vary, confirm before installing to assure compliance.**



Note: See Technical Bulletin 'Piping Configurations for AG2000 Magmeters' at www.seametrics.com for additional configuration information.

Chemigation Applications. Magmeters in chemigation applications must be placed either upstream of the chemical injection line, or far enough downstream for complete mixing to occur before the solution reaches the meter. Proper placement prevents spikes and drops in readings that result when fluids of different conductivity pass through the meter. (For more information, refer to the technical bulletin on the Seametrics website Downloads page.)

Fittings and Flanges. The AG2000 flanges have standard ANSI 150 lb. drilling, and should match up with any other ANSI 150 lb. flange. **IMPORTANT:** Piping protruding beyond welded-on flange faces may damage meter sealing surfaces.

Temperature. These flow sensors are recommended for operating temperatures of 10° to 130° F (-12° to 54° C) and non-operating temperatures of -40° to 158° F (-40° to 70° C).

Calibration. The AG2000 is factory calibrated and cannot be recalibrated in the field.

Protecting the Meter. A weather guard is recommended (Seametrics part #31388) for environmental protection.

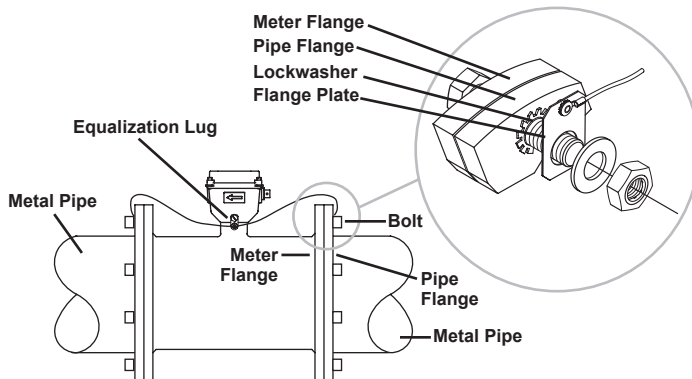
Conductivity. The AG2000 requires media with >20 microSiemens/cm of conductivity.

FLOW RANGE

	Minimum	Maximum
4"	12 gal/min (.75 liter/sec)	1,000 gal/min (63 liter/sec)
6"	32 gal/min (2 liter/sec)	2,400 gal/min (151 liter/sec)
8"	60 gal/min (4 liter/sec)	4,400 gal/min (278 liter/sec)
10"	95 gal/min (6 liter/sec)	7,000 gal/min (442 liter/sec)

EQUALIZATION and GROUNDING

Metal Pipe Installations. To equalize the electric potential of the fluid, the meter, and the surrounding pipe, secure the flange plates, factory-installed on equalization lug, to both pipe flanges at one of the bolt holes. Be sure the lockwasher provided fits between the pipe flange and the flange plate.



Equalization Diagram

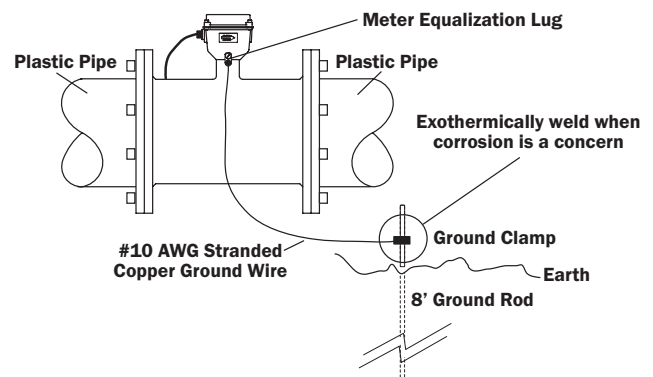
Run wire from equalization lug to both pipe flanges; secure flange plates under bolt heads as shown.



WARNING: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

When the AG2000 is installed in a plastic piping system, or when externally powered, it is very important to ground the meter to avoid electrical shock hazard. Failure to do so can result in electrocution.

Plastic Pipe Installations. In plastic pipe it is not necessary to use the equalization straps, but the meter must be grounded to avoid electrical shock and electro-static interference with meter function.



Battery Power (standard). The AG2000 is powered by a non-rechargeable battery pack with a lifespan of up to 5 years under typical use. Actual lifespan will vary from application to application, depending on the duty cycle.

“Low Batt” will display when it is time to replace the battery (see illustration at right). Replacement instructions come with the custom battery pack available from your dealer or Seametrics.

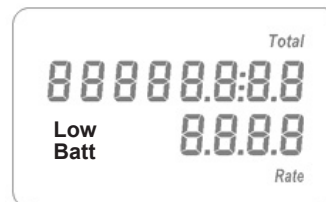
NOTE: Memory will not be lost during a battery change.

External Power (optional). Where power is available, the life of the battery pack can be indefinitely extended by the addition of an external power input cable. When external power is used, the batteries serve as backup in case of power failure, keeping the meter reading out during an outage. The display reads “P” to indicate that external power is in use (see illustration at right).

When the display is reading numbers/letters but neither the “Low Batt” or “P” symbol is displayed, the meter is functioning normally under battery power (see illustration at right). When the display is completely blank, the meter is not powered.

Solar Power (optional). In most areas of the US, a 12-volt, 5 watt solar power unit (panel, charge controller and battery) should suffice to operate the meter. In this case, the internal batteries will serve as backup and battery life will be conserved.

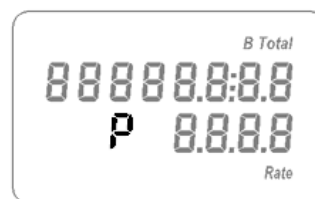
Display Reading. There are two lines to the display, the bottom line for flow rate and the top line for accumulated total. Measurement units are pre-ordered and factory-set and can be changed in the field only by an authorized individual.



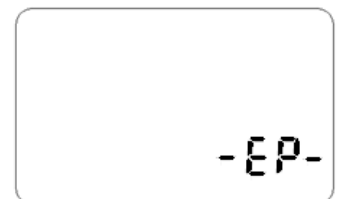
Low Battery Indicator



No Power



External Power Indicator



Empty Pipe



Battery Power



Meter Installed Backwards

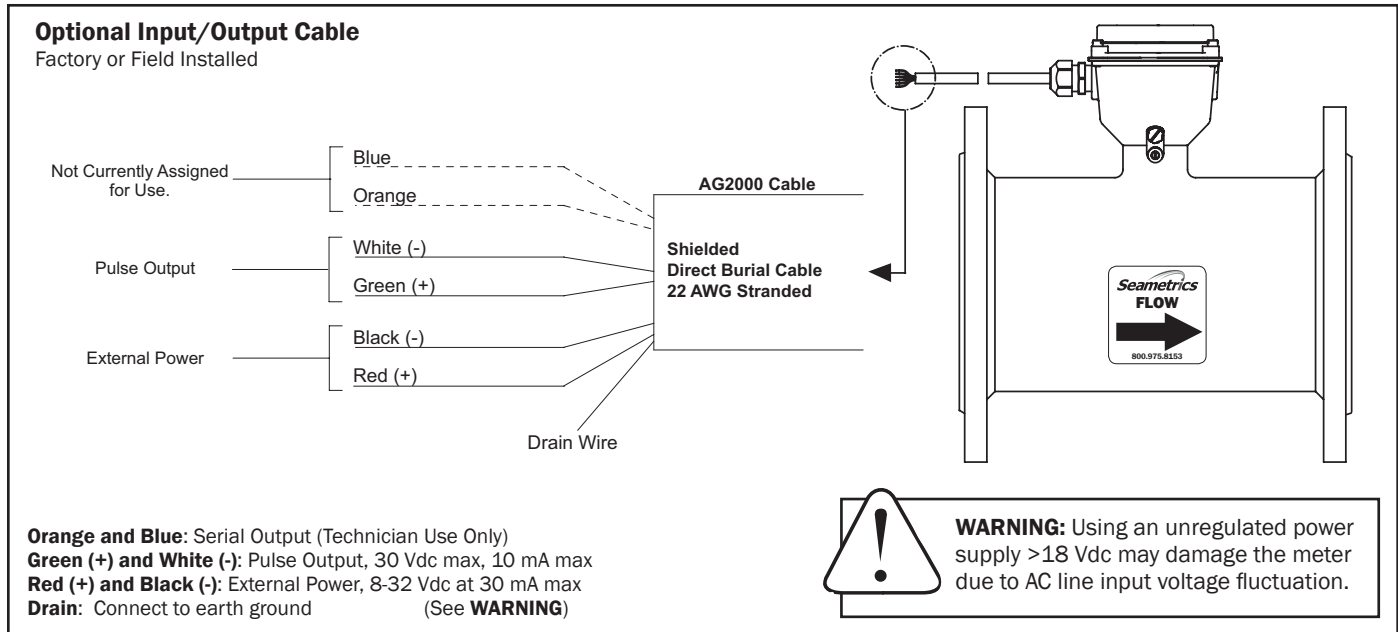
OPTIONAL INPUTS, OUTPUTS and TROUBLESHOOTING

Optional Input and Outputs. An optional cable, factory-installed or field-installed by an authorized individual, provides power input, pulse output* for remote reading (4-20 mA conversion, telemetry and data logging functions). See diagram below. Detailed wiring diagrams provided with cable.

IMPORTANT: When field installing the input/output cable, be sure to snugly tighten the cable strain relief to prevent water ingress.

*See High Frequency Output Technical Bulletin for available pulse rates.

For data logger setup and operation refer to FlowInspector manual.



TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Probable Cause	Try...
Blank display	Dead battery	Replace battery pack
Flow rate steadily reads zero when there is flow	Flow is below cutoff (very low)	Reading will resume when flow increases
	There is air in the meter	Reposition meter for full pipe
Display reads [-]	Meter is installed backward	Note flow direction arrow, reverse meter
Flow rate intermittently drops when there is flow	There is air in the meter	Reposition meter for full pipe or rotate to avoid bubbles
Jumpy reading	Improperly equalized	Check for proper equalization
	Pulsing flow	Use external power source (allows more flow averaging)
	Rapidly changing conductivity (chemigation applications)	Install chemigation line downstream of meter (or enough upstream for thorough mixing of fluids before meter)



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